

## Chapter 8: Decimals 2



## Exercise 1

## Section A—Addition of decimals with 1 decimal place

1. Fill in the missing numbers.

(a) 14 tenths = \_\_\_\_\_ one \_\_\_\_\_ tenths

(b) 19 tenths = \_\_\_\_\_ one \_\_\_\_\_ tenths

(c) 6 tenths + 7 tenths = \_\_\_\_\_ tenths = \_\_\_\_\_ one \_\_\_\_\_ tenths

(d) 8 tenths + 3 tenths = \_\_\_\_\_ tenths = \_\_\_\_\_ one \_\_\_\_\_ tenth

2. Add the decimals.

<p>(a) <math>0.6 + 0.3</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 0.6 \\ + 0.3 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	<p>(b) <math>0.2 + 1.4</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 0.2 \\ + 1.4 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	<p>(c) <math>3.6 + 2.1</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 3.6 \\ + 2.1 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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3. Add the decimals.

(a) $0.6 + 0.5$ $\begin{array}{r} 0.6 \\ + 0.5 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(b) $4.1 + 0.9$ $\begin{array}{r} 4.1 \\ + 0.9 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(c) $5.5 + 2.8$ $\begin{array}{r} 5.5 \\ + 2.8 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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4. Add the decimals.

(a) $5.6 + 4.7$ $\begin{array}{r} 5.6 \\ + 4.7 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(b) $9.3 + 4.7$ $\begin{array}{r} 9.3 \\ + 4.7 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(c) $9.6 + 1.4$ $\begin{array}{r} 9.6 \\ + 1.4 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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5. Add the decimal to the whole number.

(a) $3.2 + 2$ $\begin{array}{r} 3.2 \\ + 2.0 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(b) $4.9 + 6$ $\begin{array}{r} 4.9 \\ + 6.0 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(c) $8.4 + 5$ $\begin{array}{r} 8.4 \\ + 5.0 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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**Section B—Addition of decimals with 2 decimal places**

6. Fill in the missing numbers.

(a) 12 hundredths = \_\_\_\_\_ tenth \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

(b) 19 hundredths = \_\_\_\_\_ tenth \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

(c) 2 hundredths + 9 hundredths

= \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

= \_\_\_\_\_ tenth \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

(d) 8 hundredths + 8 hundredths

= \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

= \_\_\_\_\_ tenth \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

7. Add the decimals.

<p>(a) <math>0.04 + 2.06</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 0.04 \\ + 2.06 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	<p>(b) <math>2.19 + 0.77</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 2.19 \\ + 0.77 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	<p>(c) <math>3.55 + 2.18</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 3.55 \\ + 2.18 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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8. Add the decimals.

<p>(a) <math>8.45 + 0.87</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 8.45 \\ + 0.87 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	<p>(b) <math>2.07 + 3.94</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 2.07 \\ + 3.94 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	<p>(c) <math>6.33 + 1.67</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 6.33 \\ + 1.67 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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9. Add the decimals.

(a) $5.85 + 5.15$ $\begin{array}{r} 5.85 \\ + 5.15 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(b) $9.15 + 4.95$ $\begin{array}{r} 9.15 \\ + 4.95 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(c) $7.48 + 6.53$ $\begin{array}{r} 7.48 \\ + 6.53 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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10. Add the decimal to the whole number.

(a) $3.25 + 6$ $\begin{array}{r} 3.25 \\ + 6.00 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(b) $1 + 9.08$ $\begin{array}{r} 1.00 \\ + 9.08 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(c) $7.75 + 5$ $\begin{array}{r} 7.75 \\ + 5.00 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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## Exercise 2

### Section A—Subtraction of decimals with 1 decimal place

1. Fill in the missing numbers.

(a)  $1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  tenths

(b)  $3.1 = 2 \text{ ones } \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  tenths

(c)  $4.5 = 3 \text{ ones } \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  tenths

(d)  $6.2 = 5 \text{ ones } \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  tenths

2. Subtract the decimals.

(a) $0.8 - 0.2$ $\begin{array}{r} 0.8 \\ - 0.2 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(b) $4.7 - 2.6$ $\begin{array}{r} 4.7 \\ - 2.6 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(c) $7.9 - 1.5$ $\begin{array}{r} 7.9 \\ - 1.5 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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3. Subtract the decimals.

(a) $1.4 - 0.9$ $\begin{array}{r} 1.4 \\ - 0.9 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(b) $4.5 - 3.6$ $\begin{array}{r} 4.5 \\ - 3.6 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(c) $7.2 - 2.5$ $\begin{array}{r} 7.2 \\ - 2.5 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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4. Subtract the whole number from the decimal.

(a) $3.4 - 2$ $\begin{array}{r} 3.4 \\ - 2.0 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(b) $5.9 - 3$ $\begin{array}{r} 5.9 \\ - 3.0 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(c) $9.5 - 7$ $\begin{array}{r} 9.5 \\ - 7.0 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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5. Subtract the decimal from the whole number.

(a) $3 - 0.7$ $\begin{array}{r} 3.0 \\ - 0.7 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(b) $9 - 3.1$ $\begin{array}{r} 9.0 \\ - 3.1 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(c) $13 - 5.5$ $\begin{array}{r} 13.0 \\ - 5.5 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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**Section B–Subtraction of decimals with 2 decimal places**

6. Fill in the missing numbers.

(a) 4 tenths = 3 tenths \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

(b) 7 tenths = 6 tenths \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

(c) 2 tenths 3 hundredths = 1 tenth \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

(d) 6 tenths 1 hundredth = 5 tenths \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

(e) 0.58 = 4 tenths \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths

(f) 0.94 = \_\_\_\_\_ tenths 14 hundredths

7. Subtract the decimals.

(a) $0.88 - 0.73$	(b) $2.52 - 1.12$	(c) $6.59 - 4.48$
$\begin{array}{r} 0.88 \\ - 0.73 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 2.52 \\ - 1.12 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 6.59 \\ - 4.48 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

8. Subtract the decimals.

(a) $7.05 - 4.16$	(b) $9.72 - 6.74$	(c) $25.32 - 5.39$
$\begin{array}{r} 7.05 \\ - 4.16 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 9.72 \\ - 6.74 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 25.32 \\ - 5.39 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$

9. Subtract the decimals.

(a) $2.6 - 0.25$ $\begin{array}{r} 2.60 \\ - 0.25 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(b) $4.3 - 1.57$ $\begin{array}{r} 4.30 \\ - 1.57 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(c) $10.1 - 5.55$ $\begin{array}{r} 10.10 \\ - 5.55 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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10. Subtract the decimal from the whole number.

(a) $1 - 0.09$ $\begin{array}{r} 1.00 \\ - 0.09 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(b) $7 - 0.85$ $\begin{array}{r} 7.00 \\ - 0.85 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(c) $10 - 4.65$ $\begin{array}{r} 10.00 \\ - 4.65 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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**Level 2** **Exercise 1**

1. Multiply the decimal with the whole number.

<p>(a) <math>5.4 \times 6</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 5.4 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	<p>(b) <math>0.16 \times 4</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 0.16 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	<p>(c) <math>0.75 \times 5</math></p> $\begin{array}{r} 0.75 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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(d) $1.09 \times 8$ $\begin{array}{r} 1.09 \\ \times \quad 8 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(e) $8.87 \times 9$ $\begin{array}{r} 8.87 \\ \times \quad 9 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$	(f) $26.72 \times 4$ $\begin{array}{r} 26.72 \\ \times \quad 4 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$
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2. Divide the decimal by the whole number.

(a) $0.8 \div 2$ $2 \overline{) 0.8}$	(b) $2.8 \div 7$ $7 \overline{) 2.8}$	(c) $0.96 \div 3$ $3 \overline{) 0.96}$
(d) $2.35 \div 5$ $5 \overline{) 2.35}$	(e) $9.66 \div 6$ $6 \overline{) 9.66}$	(f) $9.59 \div 7$ $7 \overline{) 9.59}$

3. Divide the decimal by the whole number.

(a) $0.9 \div 5$ $5 \overline{) 0.9}$	(b) $6.3 \div 6$ $6 \overline{) 6.3}$	(c) $6.2 \div 5$ $5 \overline{) 6.2}$
(d) $6.8 \div 8$ $8 \overline{) 6.8}$	(e) $81.9 \div 6$ $6 \overline{) 81.9}$	(f) $175.5 \div 6$ $6 \overline{) 175.5}$

4. Divide.

(a) $9 \div 6$ $6 \overline{) 9}$	(b) $2 \div 8$ $8 \overline{) 2}$	(c) $94 \div 8$ $8 \overline{) 94}$
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5. Divide. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

(a) $0.9 \div 4$ $4 \overline{) 0.9}$	(b) $30.4 \div 5$ $5 \overline{) 30.4}$	(c) $4.6 \div 3$ $3 \overline{) 4.6}$
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6. Divide. Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

(a) $10.2 \div 7$ $7 \overline{) 10.2}$	(b) $7.83 \div 2$ $2 \overline{) 7.83}$	(c) $28 \div 3$ $3 \overline{) 28}$
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7. Estimate the sums by first rounding the numbers to the nearest whole number.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a)} \quad 2.87 + 3.4 &\approx \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(b)} \quad 1.7 + 6.82 &\approx \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(c)} \quad 34.5 + 9.37 &\approx \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \end{aligned}$$

8. Estimate the differences by first rounding the numbers to the nearest whole number.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a)} \quad 5.45 - 2.93 &\approx \underline{\hspace{2cm}} - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(b)} \quad 6.08 - 1.76 &\approx \underline{\hspace{2cm}} - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(c)} \quad 19.28 - 10.8 &\approx \underline{\hspace{2cm}} - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \end{aligned}$$

9. Estimate the products by first rounding the numbers to the nearest whole number.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a)} \quad 0.74 \times 6 &\approx \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \end{aligned}$$



3. Find the quotient of  $18 \div 8$  correct to the nearest tenth.  
(1) 22.5 (2) 2.3  
(3) 2.2 (4) 0.2 ( )
4.  $2.05 \times 9 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
(1) 1.845 (2) 18.45  
(3) 184.5 (4) 1845 ( )
5. Find the value of  $6 \div 7$  correct to 2 decimal places  
(1) 1.17 (2) 1.16  
(3) 0.86 (4) 0.85 ( )
6.  $5.2 = 2$  ones \_\_\_\_\_ tenths  
(1) 12 (2) 2  
(3) 22 (4) 32 ( )
7.  $0.79 = 3$  tenths \_\_\_\_\_ hundredths  
(1) 49 (2) 39  
(3) 19 (4) 9 ( )
8. Which of the following gives a value that is greater than 4?  
(1)  $15.5 - 11.51$  (2)  $1.29 \times 3$   
(3)  $15 \div 4$  (4)  $0.58 \times 7$  ( )
9. Which of the following gives the greatest value?  
(1)  $3.67 \times 2$  (2)  $23 \div 3$   
(3)  $0.72 \times 9$  (4)  $54 \div 8$  ( )
10. Which of the following gives the smallest value?  
(1)  $1.58 \times 6$  (2)  $85 \div 9$   
(3)  $15.72 - 6.3$  (4)  $38 \div 4$  ( )

**Level 3****Exercise 1**

1. Janet cuts a string 1.38 m long into 3 equal pieces. Find the length of each piece of string. Express your answer in centimetres.

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2. 4 notebooks cost \$5.40. Find the cost of 1 notebook.

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3. Eileen is 1.29 m tall. She is 0.12 m taller than Lynn. How tall is Lynn?

4. Debbie's mass was 36.2 kg three years ago. Now her mass is 33.8 kg. How much lighter is she now?

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5. Siti's family drinks 1.5 l of milk a day. How many litres of milk does her family drink in a week?

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6. Mr Hassan sold 9 books at \$4.15 each. How much money did he collect altogether?

7. A toy robot costs \$46. The toy robot costs 8 times as much as a doll. How much is the doll?

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8. A pizza costs \$9.80. 4 girls share the cost of the pizza equally. How much does each girl pay for her share?

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9. 2 identical packs of fruit juice cost \$7.30. Find the cost of 5 packs of fruit juice.

10. Milly saved \$18.75. Sally saved twice as much as Milly. How much did the two girls save altogether?

## Exercise 2

1. May and Jamie bought a small cake and a packet of milk, which cost \$8.70 and \$3.40 respectively. They shared the cost equally. How much did each girl pay?
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2. Sumin has a ribbon that is 50 cm long. She cuts 12 cm of it and gives it to her friend. Then she cuts the rest of the ribbon into 8 equal pieces. Find the length of each piece. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

3. Mr Chin spent \$17.50 at a bookshop. He spent twice as much as his daughter. How much did they spend altogether?

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4. The total mass of 7 pieces of butter and a packet of flour is 3.2 kg. If the mass of a piece of butter is 0.35 kg, find the mass of the packet of flour.

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5. Mr Chen bought 4 tins of paint. Each tin of paint cost \$23.99. He gave the cashier \$100. How much change did he receive?

6. Ashley paid \$42.60 altogether for a comic book and a magazine. The comic book cost thrice as much as the magazine. Find the cost of the comic book.

7. Lee Lee has \$5.20. She has twice as much money as Serene. Serene has 4 times as much money as Priscilla. Find the amount of money that Priscilla has.

8. Jill has twenty-two 20¢ and 50¢ coins. The total amount of money that she has is \$8.30. How many 20¢ coins does she have?

9. Shah wants to buy 8 pizzas at a cost of \$19.45 each. What is the least number of \$10 notes that he needs to buy the pizzas?

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10. Jack has some 10¢ and 5¢ coins. The total amount of money that he has is \$1.70. He has 8 more 10¢ coins than 5¢ coins. How many coins does he have altogether?